

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

JULY 10, 1973

OFFICE OF THE WHITE HOUSE PRESS SECRETARY

THE WHITE HOUSE
PRESS CONFERENCE
OF
SENATOR HUGH SCOTT
CONGRESSMAN GERALD R. FORD
THE BRIEFING ROOM



11:05 A.M. EDT

MR. WARREN: Good morning.

The Leadership Meeting this morning lasted for two hours. The list of participants has been posted. The discussion will be described to you by, as usual, Senator Scott and Congressman Ford. I think we will lead off this morning with Congressman Ford.

CONGRESSMAN FORD: Thank you very much, Jerry.

The full two hours-plus meeting this morning with the President involved what we could do to effectively meet the problems that are the result of the economic boom, and there are two problems where the Congress is involved: Number one, federal fiscal policy, expenditures primarily, and, number two, the movement from the freeze to Phase IV.

Senator Scott will handle the latter. George Shultz pointed out that it looks like we will be able to live within the \$250 billion ceiling that the President established. The Congress has cooperated, particularly those who voted to sustain the several vetoes.

The net result is that the expenditures will be at a reasonable and responsible level. The real problem in the future is a spending ceiling in Fiscal '74. A number of members from the Senate as well as the House talked about the legislative possibility of some really rigid federal spending ceiling. Apparently the Senate has a proposal being worked on.

We are faced with prospective legislation in the House. The Democratic leadership wants an anti-impoundment bill and a very flexible, and not very effective, ceiling. It is our intention, with the full support of the President and the White House, to try to incorporate in that legislation the recommendations of the joint House-Senate committee that worked on the matter last December and early January.

We think this is the way to really put a ceiling and a Congressional level and make it very difficult to violate that ceiling when the Congress gets down toward the end. If we come with a spending ceiling of something less than \$268 billion for Fiscal '74, it is very likely that we can have a real balanced budget in that fiscal year.

MORE

That, of course, would be very meaningful and very helpful in trying to meet the problems of inflation while we are trying to maintain the boom we are in at the present time.

SENATOR SCOTT: On the balanced budget, ladies and gentlemen, it should be balanced in another sense, too, and that is properly balanced between domestic and defense requirements because a strong nation is essential for the productivity of an affluent nation.



On Phase IV, there was much discussion, and there were additional members of the House and Senate present in addition to the leadership. There was very lively and free-wheeling discussion going on. I believe every Member of Congress there took part in it.

The consultations on Phase IV are nearing an end. There will be an economic session this afternoon, I think, with Dr. Dunlop and Mr. Shultz and labor and business representatives, but that process is nearing an end.

We were not informed as to when Phase IV will be announced, but it will, of course, occur within the 60-day period. The discussion included a great deal of comment as to how you would handle pass-throughs and mandatory controls, the degree to which pass-throughs should be worked out, immediately or gradually.

There were discussions by a number of members about various provisions or regulations which might be promulgated. Secretary Shultz and Dr. Dunlop spoke on the economy. As you know, unemployment is at 4.5 percent, which is the lowest in three years, and has not been reached in peacetime for a very long time, and that is an encouraging note.

Of course, we have a very strong economy presently, but there are still problems, of which inflation is perhaps the worst. It is essential that food, particularly meat, be in sufficient supply to meet our domestic needs and that that supply be not subject to the sharpest fluctuations.

Phase IV will have in mind the means of keeping adequate supplies of food, putting the housewife first ahead of exporting foods.

I think that is about it.

Q Senator Scott, what is a pass-through? What do you mean by that?

SENATOR SCOTT: I don't know the economic definition of pass-through, but the purpose is to allow an increase to the producers of vegetables, raw materials used in food and food processing such as feed grains, and the increasing cost of livestock as well, to allow increase in prices. Whether that should be a one-shot situation or whether this pass-through should occur over a graduated period is one of the problems under discussion.

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Q Sir, you said that the Phase IV will come within the 60 days. You are nearing the end of the 30 days. Do you think it might come within a week or ten days?

SENATOR SCOTT: I said the consultations are nearing an end. You can draw such conclusions as you like. From that, I am not better informed. I would not expect it would occur on the last day of the 60 days, by any means. The consultations are coming toward an end. I would not expect it to be announced the next day or so, but at some point, it will be announced.

Q Do you expect the Phase IV program will be announced in toto when it is announced, or may it come out ---

SENATOR SCOTT: I believe there will be an announcement of the nature and composition of Phase IV as a single statement. Who will make it, I am not informed.

Q Senator Scott, does that pass-through mean that if the grower is allowed a higher price for some commodity, he can pass it along to whoever he sells that commodity to and perhaps ultimately to the consumer?

SENATOR SCOTT: That is my understanding of it. It is a question of whether all the increasing costs can be passed only along immediately or some part of the cost passed through now and further cost passed through at a later date over a set period of time.

Q Does this apply only to farm products or would it apply to other business?

SENATOR SCOTT: If mandatory controls are imposed, there would be control applied to other products than food. Of course, food accounts for the substantial part of the inflationary bulge.

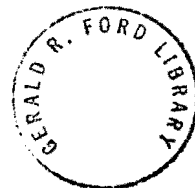
Q Right. I mean, this pass-through idea, is the idea there that businesses would also be allowed under this arrangement to pass through costs?

SENATOR SCOTT: It was not discussed, but I would assume that other costs would be considered as a possibility of the pass-through since they would be subject to certain mandatory controls. The question of food dominated the discussion today much more than anything else.

CONGRESSMAN FORD: I think the problem really arises in foods, particularly any raw material, where there has been no control and there is none now. A processor of an agricultural commodity was frozen in the period of June 1 to June 8 at a certain price, and yet the price at the marketplace for the farmer has gone up, of necessity. If the canner or processor is going to buy the commodity he has to have some flexibility in passing through the added cost to him. I think that is the cleanest cut illustration of what you mean by "pass-through".



SENATOR SCOTT: One thing that certainly would be the worst possible solution would be the rationing of food. That was not contemplated.



Q Was there any discussion of the international situation?

SENATOR SCOTT: There was some general discussion of the devaluation of the dollar, and a need for a stabilization of that aspect of impact on our economy. It was general. It was raised by Members of Congress. There was nothing specific, I think, worth reporting there except the concern expressed.

Q Senator, are you suggesting another formal devaluation or are you talking ---

SENATOR SCOTT: No, indeed. We were discussing the state of the dollar as it is at this present time.

Q Mr. Ford, what did the President have to say about taxes?

CONGRESSMAN FORD: The question was not mentioned. The whole emphasis was on controlling expenditures and on what we could do in moving from the freeze to Phase IV. There was no discussion as far as taxation is concerned.

I might add one of the Members of Congress did bring up some recommendations that I understand had been made to him and maybe to some other Members of Congress for some greater flexibility in the handling of, say, the investment tax credit, forced saving and so forth, but there was no indication from the Executive Branch that taxation was a part of any package they might recommend when the decision was made.

I might add, if I can at this point, that although there was a very lengthy discussion of pass-through and whether it should be the total or a part or none, there was no indication of any decision on whether or not you would have total, partial or none whatsoever.

SECRETARY SCOTT: There was general discussion of the necessity for spending restraint. Senators on the relevant committees, Congressmen on the relevant committees and others all made the point that it was desirable for the Congress to establish its own budget ceiling and to balance domestic and defense needs.

Q Senator Scott, I believe you said that if mandatory controls would be imposed -- are you saying that Phase IV would not include mandatory controls?

SENATOR SCOTT: I am suggesting and assuming that they will include mandatory controls.

Q To follow that, what extent would they be widespread? Would they be on the whole retail market or what?

SENATOR SCOTT: That was not dealt with in that form. The impression I have is that mandatory controls will be applied in the areas where they would be deemed to be effective, but the scope of that area was not discussed by anyone.



Q How does the pass-through concept differ from Phase III where one could get approval of price increases through the Cost of Living Council? Does the pass-through concept have some automatic percentage provision in it?

SENATOR SCOTT: That would be up to the recommendations of Dr. Dunlop and Secretary Shultz. Nothing about automatic provisions was outlined to us. The problem is created because there is no control on the raw product at the source, and the cost of raw products has gone up not only in this country but vastly elsewhere in the world.

Of course, inflation in the rest of the major countries is much greater than it is here, as you know. At the same time, growing affluence around the world has built up the cost of just about everything. Therefore, the farmer, for example, has got to have some relief. The question is how to extend it to him and still play fair with the consumer, who in turn has a right to expect a regular and normal supply of food in the market.

Q Senator, in the discussion of food exports, was any mention made in the GAO report on the wheat bill and the price that the American consumer paid in that?

SENATOR SCOTT: No, there was no reference to the GAO report. I think the GAO is acting as sort of an ombudsman here, but without any opportunity for us to know on what they base their conclusions. They may well be justified. I just don't know.

Q Senator, you said the state of the dollar was discussed. What did the President say the state of the dollar was?

SENATOR SCOTT: The President did not reply to comments that were made on the state of the dollar other than to indicate that it was clearly a part of the problem; that is, the whole question of the impact on the economy. He discussed the plusses and the minuses.

He mentioned the booming state of the economy, to the lowering employment rate, those efforts which had succeeded in some areas in dealing with inflation. He mentioned the minuses, the increase in the Wholesale Price Index, particularly on food, and the dollar devaluation. This was a general discussion of plusses and minuses.

Q Where were those the only two minuses he listed?

SENATOR SCOTT: There were others. Do you remember what others he mentioned?

CONGRESSMAN FORD: No, I think those were the major ones, the problem of the dollar as well as the inflationary aspect.

SENATOR SCOTT: And the problem of balancing export controls and the desirability of removing them at some future time, when feasible.



Q Is there an urgency to get this freeze over with and get into Phase IV?

SENATOR SCOTT: There is.

Q Isn't the freeze causing as many problems as it is helping solve?

SENATOR SCOTT: I think any tinkering with the economy carries with it the concomitant problems. There is clearly the desire to get the freeze over and to move into something else. It was stated to be a temporary freeze, and 60 days is a short time in the life of the Congress.

CONGRESSMAN FORD: Most of those from Congress who were there have been in their respective States and their districts and there was a consensus, I believe, that in industry as well as agriculture, there was a growing demand because of some distortion to get out of the freeze into Phase IV.

The situation today is quite different from the one of 1971. At that time, we had an economy that was not burgeoning, there wasn't a boom. Today, we have the boom with unemployment down, the lowest in three-plus years, so that these distortions became magnified much more rapidly and much worse than they did in 1970.

So, I think there is an urgency and properly so, but to move without creating inequities over administration and the like is the real problem we face.

Q Senator Scott, was there any discussion in dealing with the need for the stable dollar, of central bank support for the dollar to ease the current crisis?

SENATOR SCOTT: No discussion in this meeting because the purpose of the meeting was to be a discussion of Phase IV. That is a collateral problem, I suppose. In any event, it was not discussed.

Q Was there any mention of Watergate this morning, Senator Scott?

SENATOR SCOTT: No speak English. I don't speak English.

Q Given the urgency that some of the Congressmen brought back from back home in regard to getting into Phase IV, can you give us any idea at all about the timing here? Do you feel that the President is ready to move now, within a week or ten days?

CONGRESSMAN FORD: I would only buttress on what Senator Scott has said. Nothing is going to happen in the next several days, and it probably won't be delayed until the last day or two before the 60-day time. But the fact that consultations have been concluded, high level action is being discussed today and tomorrow, and the urgency that I think most Members of Congress reported to the President speaks that something is going to happen. Just when, you can't be definitive.

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Q Is this problem that the pass-through is addressing the farmers are now destroying chickens and they are talking about destroying cattle and not being able to feed them? Why wouldn't this pass-through go into effect immediately without waiting for several days or weeks?

SENATOR SCOTT: I think it has been necessary to get the views which have poured in from all over the country to determine how to work out such changes in the economic posture would be fairly all around.

That takes time. The trade unions have been very anxious to be consulted and have been. So have the agricultural and industrial areas of the economy. I can't give you a better answer. I wish I had stayed away during the economics class now.

Q Was there any discussion of the morality of killing off the chicken and livestock in order to what seems to perhaps exacerbate a philosophy of scarcity?

SENATOR SCOTT: I don't know whether you are talking about the morality of killing off chickens. I am not sure how metaphysical that is.

Q I am not talking in those terms. Let me redefine myself. It would seem in some areas all this would seem to do is exacerbate the scarcity we already we have.

SENATOR SCOTT: I agree.

Q This problem has not necessarily been addressed to Washington?

SENATOR SCOTT: It is being addressed in these various discussions. Among others who are being consulted, I am sure, are those who are affected, the raising of broilers and the breeding of livestock and growing of livestock for the market, pigs, beef and so on.

Surely it is being considered. It is being considered very actively. I think there will be rather early action on it. Surely nobody likes to see these gruesome pictures on television of chickens being assassinated. I can get metaphysical, too.

Q Senator, what discussion was there of the danger of sudden deflation of the boom this morning?

SENATOR SCOTT: Members of Congress felt that boom and inflation is better than a recession and inflation. We want to keep it that way. At least we want to keep the boom going and try to solve the inflation. I think it was recognized that unwise actions on the economy could so take the fever out of the inflation that they might take some of the economy along with it, and that, of course, has to be avoided.

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Q Congressman Ford, there have been reports that the Administration might call for a rollback in gasoline prices to something like May 15th levels. Was there any discussion in general about gasoline prices, and what can we look for in Phase IV on that?

CONGRESSMAN FORD: There was no discussion specifically about gasoline prices whatsoever, and no discussion of any rollback in the petroleum industry. I read the same stories that you did, but it was not brought up as a particular point in the overall operation of Phase IV related to the freeze.

SENATOR SCOTT: I made a mistake, of course, when I mentioned unemployment rates. The rate, as you know, is 4.8.

Q Congressman, assassination aside, morality of poultry, there seems to be a difference of opinion. Senator Scott indicated there is a sense of urgency about moving into Phase IV. I think I wrote down you indicated it probably wouldn't go into effect the last day or two before the end of the 60-day time.

CONGRESSMAN FORD: If you came to the conclusion from what I said, I either said it wrong or you misinterpreted it. I thought I was reiterating what I had said earlier. I think there is urgency. It is very urgent. I can assure you from my contacts in Michigan and elsewhere in the last ten days a great many people, producers, processors and in some cases consumers, where they have developed some scarcities, there is also a sense of urgency because I think a good many people do know or do remember the experiences of World War II where we had rationing, where we had scarcities. They don't want us in this atmosphere to have those things repeated.

Q Mr. Ford, was this sense of urgency expressed to the President by the Members of Congress in this meeting?

CONGRESSMAN FORD: Yes, it was. I should add, however, I think the Administration itself also feels a sense of urgency to move as quickly as feasible, both as to the specifics and as to the administration and as to the long-run as well as the short-haul ramifications of what they do.

It would be unwise, they believe, and I think there was unanimity among Members of Congress, to put a band-aid on, that really wouldn't solve the problem over the long pull. Everybody recognizes that a prolongation of controls that creates distortions will only multiply the problems rather than solve them.

So, what they are trying to do is find a path that will really get us over the hump for the time being and give us a free economy and in a relatively short period of time.

MORE

SENATOR SCOTT: Let me give you an illustration of pass-through other than food. I have been hearing from the newspaper industry whose costs have been steadily rising, whose labor costs are particularly rising and the fact that income they are receiving is not keeping pace and they are very much interested in early action on a pass-through to enable them to get back into a more profitable business.



Q Senator, did you get any picture of what the world food situation looks like for the next six months or year; in other words, what the grain harvest might be in Russia and China and elsewhere? Will there be continued pressure on us, in other words, to export our grains or does the situation look as if it is easing up?

SENATOR SCOTT: I have no way of knowing. I would expect that wherever a market such as the U.S. is available, that those people who need grains will be around again. I would expect we would hear from Russia, from China from time to time. We do have to establish a guideline which, as the President has said several times, puts the American housewife first. So, that will be factored into any further negotiation.

Q Senator, does either of you have the view or was the view expressed by someone else at the meeting that the Watergate case is causing some of these economic problems, such as the international dollar situation or the stock market decline?

SENATOR SCOTT: Well, it wasn't discussed today. If you want my opinion, I think any discussions which would make some given buyer on the stock market nervous may affect whether or not he buys the stock. Almost anything can do that.

Almost any news item he reads can affect one buyer or another in the stock market. It is the most mercurial barometer there is. I think there are great bargains on the stock market today. Securities are selling at three-to-one times earnings and six-to-one.

I wish I had the available cash to take advantage of it. Somebody has pointed out that the bargains are as great as the time when London was being blitzed by bombers other than the present crowd, and at that time London stocks and London real estate was the greatest bargain in history.

I think perhaps presently the stock market has more bargains than it has had in a decade. Unfortunately, I am unable to take advantage of it. I mean, I have to be honest with you. I have invested about \$5,000 or maybe \$10,000 in the market lately, and it promptly went down.

CONGRESSMAN FORD: If I might add to what the Senator has said in response to the question, as I indicated earlier, Watergate was not discussed. Number two, the discussion of the fundamentals, spending ceiling and movement from a freeze to Phase IV never seemed to be related in any way whatsoever to the committee hearings.



Q Did the President express any view on the pay raise, the possibility for a pay raise for Congress?

SENATOR SCOTT: The President did not express any view at all on that. I believe one member raised it and the rest of them looked at him as if he had kind of been the skunk at a picnic, I think.

Q Congressman Ford mentioned if you keep the \$268 billion ceiling, you will have a real balanced budget. Is that opposed to the so-called full employment budget they were talking about before or are they talking about the full employment budget?

CONGRESSMAN FORD: I believe that the \$268 billion ceiling contemplates a full employment budget; that is, the assumption with the booming the way it is and unemployment going down that if you keep the \$268 billion or hopefully less, that you will also have concurrently a full employment circumstance.

Q You said Watergate was not discussed. Was the President's letter to the committee not discussed, his refusal to appear?

SENATOR SCOTT: The President's letter to the committee was not discussed. Neither was the Sixth Amendment to the Constitution, which guarantees the right of confrontation of witnesses.

MR. WARREN: Thank you. We will brief in about ten minutes.

END (At 11:35 A.M. EDT)

7/10/73

RN - Consultation Phase IV.

Decision - 2 days to 2 weeks.

Requests Congressional Views

Phase IV - stronger than III

60 day working but has created more distortions than

Phase I (Key freeze).

Now economy is in boom / different than in '71.

What kind of a Program can work?

// This Administration will not leave a legacy of control

Steen - "freeze done its most single job" "some slow down but still inflationary pressures" 1974 - settling down of economy.

Greatest boom in history
Dont want to history of

"boom" - #1 priority

Managing of freeze - not the answer
Prolongation of freeze

[Photocopied from Ford Scrapbooks, Box 14, Notes on White House Meetings, 1973-74]

THE WHITE HOUSE

②

Problem - shortening interim period.

Devaluation of \$ - 15% to 20%

of inflation.

Schultz - must get a balanced budget

in F.Y. 74

Percy - ① Investment tax credit

Too much power in Pres?

② Increase farm supplies

③ Forced savings

④ Release strategic stockpile

⑤ Federal spending ceiling

⑥ Productivity.

Schultz - F.Y. 73 Budget

① Revenues about what forecast

② Expenditures under \$250 billion

No short run
solution which
is fundamentally bad.

F.Y. 74 - actually at full employment.
Much effort needed on EXPENDITURES
aim - "balanced budget"

RW - If Pres. acts will Congress
do something worse?

Scott / Ford

~~Congressional action~~ ① Balanced budget.
② Ceiling

When made? "before end of 60 days"

Consultation on step up basis
coming to end point

What? Pass through
Mandatory where needed.
Members Congress - Program must emphasize SUPPLY

HIGHLIGHTS OF HOUSE ACTION, JUNE 5, 1973 THROUGH JULY 9, 1973



Tuesday, June 5, 1973

NATIONAL CEMETERIES

The House agreed to the amendments of the Senate to the amendment of the House to S. 49, to establish a National Cemetery System within the Veterans' Administration, clearing the measure for the President.

THE HOUSE CONSIDERED THE PRIVATE CALENDAR

MISSISSIPPI RIVER

The House passed H. J. Res. 533, authorizing the President to proclaim June 17, 1973, as a day of commemoration of the opening of the upper Mississippi River by Jacques Marquette and Louis Jolliet in 1673.

WASHINGTON AND LEE UNIVERSITY

The House agreed to H. Con. Res. 43, in recognition of the 225th anniversary of Washington and Lee University.

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS

The House disagreed to the amendments of the Senate to H.R. 7447, making supplemental appropriations for fiscal year 1973, and agreed to a conference asked by the Senate. Appointed as conferees: Representatives Mahon, Whitten, Evins of Tennessee, Natcher, Flood, Steed, Slack, Hansen of Washington, McFall, Cederberg, Rhodes, Michel, Wyman, Talcott, and McEwen.

SUSPENSIONS (Three Bills)

The House voted to suspend the rules and pass the following bills:

Vocational rehabilitation: By a recorded vote of 384 yeas to 13 nays, the House passed H.R. 8070, to authorize grants for vocational rehabilitation services, amended. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

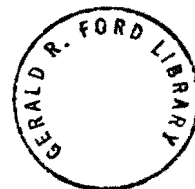
	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	169	12	10	191
Dem.	<u>215</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>241</u>
	384	13	35	432

Arkansas land transfer: By a voice vote, the House passed H.R. 1820, to direct the Administrator of General Services to release a condition with respect to certain real property conveyed to the State of Arkansas by the United States, amended.

National Wildlife Refuge: By a voice vote, the House passed H.R. 3620, to establish the Great Dismal Swamp National Wildlife Refuge, amended.

(MORE)

Tuesday, June 5, 1973 (continued)



MINIMUM WAGE

RULE

By a voice vote, the House adopted H. Res. 419, providing for three hours of open debate.

The House concluded all general debate and began reading for amendment H.R. 7935, to amend the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, to increase the minimum wage rates under that act and to expand the coverage of that Act. Proceedings under the 5-minute rule will continue tomorrow.

Wednesday, June 6, 1973

MINIMUM WAGE

RULE

By a voice vote, on June 5, 1973, the House adopted H. Res. 419, providing three hours of open debate.

PASSAGE

By a recorded vote of 287 yeas to 130 nays, the House passed H.R. 7935, to amend the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 to increase the minimum wage rates under that act and to expand the coverage of that act. (GRF - Nay; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	79	104	8	191
Dem.	<u>208</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>241</u>
	287	130	15	432

On a demand for a separate vote, by a recorded vote of 213 yeas to 203 nays, the House agreed to an amendment by Mr. Conte that freezes the minimum wage rate in the Canal Zone at its present level. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	170	14	7	191
Dem.	<u>43</u>	<u>189</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>241</u>
	213	203	16	432

Prior to final passage, by a recorded vote of 251 yeas to 163 nays, with 1 voting "present," the House agreed to an amendment by Mrs. Green that deletes the section on seasonal industry employees. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	154	28	1	8	191
Dem.	<u>97</u>	<u>135</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>241</u>
	251	163	1	17	432

(MORE)



Wednesday, June 6, 1973 (continued)

MINIMUM WAGE (cont'd)

Prior to final passage, the following action was also taken:

By a recorded vote of 199 yeas to 218 nays, the House rejected an amendment by Mr. Erlenborn in the nature of a substitute which contains the provisions of H.R. 8304. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	149	36	6	191
Dem.	<u>50</u>	<u>182</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>241</u>
	199	218	15	432

By a recorded vote of 199 yeas to 215 nays, the House rejected an amendment by Mr. Anderson of Illinois that sought to establish a subminimum wage rate for workers under the age of 18 or fulltime students at 80 percent of the applicable minimum wage or \$1.60 per hour (\$1.30 per hour for agricultural employees) whichever is higher. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	160	24	7	191
Dem.	<u>39</u>	<u>191</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>241</u>
	199	215	18	432

In addition, 11 other amendments were rejected in the Committee of the Whole.

MOTION TO ADJOURN

By a recorded vote of 9 yeas to 143 nays with 1 voting "present," the House failed to agree to a motion to adjourn. Prior to the offering of the motion, failed to raise a quorum. Subsequently, by a voice vote agreed to a motion to adjourn. (GRF - Absent; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	0	67	1	123	191
Dem.	<u>9</u>	<u>76</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>156</u>	<u>241</u>
	9	143	1	279	432

Thursday, June 7, 1973

REORGANIZATION PLAN NO. 2

By a recorded vote of 130 yeas to 281 nays, the House failed to agree to H. Res. 382, disapproving Reorganization Plan No. 2. (GRF - Nay; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	15	164	12	191
Dem.	<u>115</u>	<u>117</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>242</u>
	130	281	22	433

(MORE)



Thursday, June 7, 1973 (continued)

FOREIGN SERVICE BUILDINGS

By a voice vote, the House agreed to the conference report on H.R. 5610, to amend the Foreign Service Buildings Act, 1926, to authorize additional appropriations, clearing the measure for Senate action.

STATE DEPARTMENT AUTHORIZATION

RULE

By a voice vote, the House adopted H. Res. 425, providing for one hour of open debate.

PASSAGE

By a recorded vote of 331 yeas to 57 nays, the House passed H.R. 7645, to authorize appropriations for the Department of State. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	128	47	16	191
Dem.	<u>203</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>29</u>	<u>242</u>
	331	57	45	433

AMERICAN REVOLUTION BICENTENNIAL

RULE

By a voice vote, the House adopted H. Res. 424, providing for one hour of open debate.

PASSAGE

By a recorded vote of 344 yeas to 14 nays, the House passed H.R. 7446, to establish the American Revolution Bicentennial Administration. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	155	7	29	191
Dem.	<u>189</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>46</u>	<u>242</u>
	344	14	75	433

Friday, June 8, 1973

PUBLIC WORKS--ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT - Conference Report

By a recorded vote of 276 yeas to 2 nays, the House agreed to the conference report on H.R. 2246, to amend the Public Works and Economic Development Act of 1965 to extend the authorizations for a 1-year period, clearing the measure for the President.

(MORE)



Friday, June 8, 1973 (continued)

PUBLIC WORKS--ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT - Conference Report (repeating)

By a recorded vote of 276 yeas to 2 nays, the House agreed to the conference report on H.R. 2246, to amend the Public Works and Economic Development Act of 1965 to extend the authorizations for a 1-year period, clearing the measure for the President. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	119	2	70	191
Dem.	<u>157</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>85</u>	<u>242</u>
	276	2	155	433

MARITIME AUTHORIZATION

RULE

By a recorded vote of 274 yeas, the House adopted H. Res. 426, providing for one hour of open debate. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	123	0	68	191
Dem.	<u>151</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>91</u>	<u>242</u>
	274	0	159	433

PASSAGE

By a recorded vote of 266 yeas to 10 nays, the House passed H.R. 7670, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 1974 for certain maritime programs of the Department of Commerce. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>NAY</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
Rep.	118	6	67	191
Dem.	<u>148</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>90</u>	<u>242</u>
	266	10	157	433

Monday, June 11, 1973

CALENDAR WEDNESDAY

By a recorded vote of 221 yeas to 119 nays, the House rejected a motion by Mr. McFall to dispense with Calendar Wednesday business on June 13, two-thirds not voting in favor. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	65	90	36	191
Dem.	<u>156</u>	<u>29</u>	<u>57</u>	<u>242</u>
	221	119	93	433

(MORE)



Monday, June 11, 1973 (continued)

D. C. LEGISLATION

The following legislation pertaining to the District of Columbia were called up, considered, and passed:

Insurance: H. R. 4083, to improve the laws relating to the regulation of insurance in the District of Columbia (passed by a ye-and-nay vote of 330 yeas).

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	151	0	40	191
Dem.	<u>179</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>63</u>	<u>242</u>
	330	0	103	433

Election Act: H.R. 6713, to amend the District of Columbia Election Act regarding the times for filing certain petitions, regulating the primary election for Delegate from the District of Columbia (passed by a ye-and-nay vote of 330 yeas to 12 nays). (GRF - absent; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	147	8	36	191
Dem.	<u>183</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>55</u>	<u>242</u>
	330	12	91	433

D.C. Authorizations: H.R. 8250, to authorize certain programs and activities of the government of the District of Columbia (passed by a ye-and-nay vote of 268 yeas to 84 nays). (GRF - NV; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	102	55	34	191
Dem.	<u>166</u>	<u>29</u>	<u>47</u>	<u>242</u>
	268	84	81	433

Rent stabilization: H.R. 4771, to regulate the maximum rents to be charged by landlords in the District of Columbia (passed by a ye-and-nay vote of 210 yeas to 144 nays, with 1 voting "present"). (GRF - absent; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	58	101	32	0	191
Dem.	<u>152</u>	<u>43</u>	<u>46</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>242</u>
	210	144	78	1	433



Tuesday, June 12, 1973

PEACE CORPS AUTHORIZATION -- Conference Report

By a yea-and-nay vote of 329 yeas to 64 nays, the House agreed to the conference report on H.R. 5293, authorizing additional appropriations for the Peace Corps, clearing the measure for Senate action. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	139	36	16	191
Dem.	<u>190</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>242</u>
	329	64	40	433

LEGAL SERVICES FUNDS

RULE

By a yea-and-nay vote of 307 yeas to 91 nays, the House adopted H. Res. 423, providing for one hour of open debate. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	101	74	16	191
Dem.	<u>206</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>242</u>
	307	91	35	433

PASSAGE

By a yea-and-nay vote of 257 yeas to 149 nays, the House passed H.R. 77, to permit employee contributions to jointly administered trust funds established by labor organizations to defray costs of legal services. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	69	110	12	191
Dem.	<u>188</u>	<u>39</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>242</u>
	257	149	27	433

Subsequently, this passage was vacated, and S. 1423, a similar Senate-passed bill, was passed in lieu after being amended to contain the language of the House bill as passed.

Prior to final passage, the House took the following action:

By a recorded vote of 279 yeas to 126 nays, with 1 voting "present" the House agreed to an amendment by Mr. Latta to a committee amendment that allows employees to select any attorney of his choice, rather than the choice of his union. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	170	8	12	1	191
Dem.	<u>109</u>	<u>118</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>242</u>
	279	126	27	1	433

(MORE)



Tuesday, June 12, 1973 (continued)

LEGAL SERVICES FUNDS (cont'd)

Prior to final passage the following action was taken: (cont'd)

By a recorded vote of 177 yeas to 223 nays, the House rejected an amendment by Mr. Steiger of Wisconsin that specified legal service trust funds as a "permissive" subject of collective bargaining, and refusal to bargain in good faith would not constitute an unfair labor practice. (GRF - Nay; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	130	47	14	191
Dem.	<u>47</u>	<u>176</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>242</u>
	177	223	33	433

By a recorded vote of 111 yeas to 293 nays, the House rejected an amendment to the previous amendment by Mr. Dennis that sought to strike out language that specifies as an unfair labor practice the unilateral modification or termination of the legal services trust fund agreement, or failure or refusal to bargain in good faith in the next subsequent contract negotiation between the same parties. (GRF - Nay; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	80	99	12	191
Dem.	<u>31</u>	<u>194</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>242</u>
	111	293	29	433

The House insisted on its amendment and asked a conference with the Senate. Appointed as conferees: Representatives Perkins, Thompson of New Jersey, Clay, Brademas, O'Hara, William D. Ford, Quie, Ashbrook, Dellenback, and Esch.

EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES

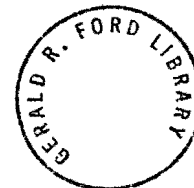
The House insisted upon its amendments to S. 504, to provide assistance and encouragement for the development of comprehensive area emergency medical services systems, and agreed to a conference asked by the Senate. Appointed as conferees: Representatives Staggers, Rogers, Satterfield, Nelsen, and Hastings.

Wednesday, June 13, 1973

KISSINGER MEETING

Majority leader announced that arrangements have been made for Dr. Henry Kissinger to meet with Members on Thursday, June 14, at 11 a.m. in the Foreign Affairs Committee Room, 2172 Rayburn House Office Building, to discuss the Paris communique issued on Wednesday, and answer any questions Members may have on this subject. Due to limited space, the meeting will be for Members only.

(MORE)



Wednesday, June 13, 1973 (continued)

PUBLIC DEBT LIMIT

RULE (as amended)

By a yea-and-nay vote of 271 yeas to 141 nays, the House adopted H. Res. 437, providing for two hours of open debate. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	179	2	10	191
Dem.	<u>92</u>	<u>139</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>242</u>
	271	141	21	433

By a yea-and-nay vote of 21 yeas to 395 nays, the House rejected a motion to order the previous question on the rule. (GRF - Nay; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.		186	5	191
Dem.	<u>21</u>	<u>209</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>242</u>
	21	395	17	433

Subsequently, by a yea-and-nay vote of 248 yeas to 163 nays, the House agreed to an amendment by Mr. Anderson of Illinois in the nature of a substitute which struck out language in the rule that made it in order to consider the text of H.R. 3932, to provide that appointments to the Office of Director and Deputy Director of the Office of Management and Budget shall be subject to confirmation by the Senate, as an amendment to H.R. 8410. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	176	5	10	191
Dem.	<u>72</u>	<u>158</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>242</u>
	248	163	22	433

By a yea-and-nay vote of 254 yeas to 160 nays, the House agreed to the previous question on the amendment (Anderson of Ill.) (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	179	5	7	191
Dem.	<u>75</u>	<u>155</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>242</u>
	254	160	19	433

PASSAGE

By a yea-and-nay vote of 261 yeas to 152 nays, the House passed H.R. 8410, to continue the existing temporary increase in the public debt limit through November 30, 1973.

(MORE)



Wednesday, June 13, 1973 (continued)

PUBLIC DEBT LIMIT (cont'd)

PASSAGE (repeating)

By a yea-and-nay vote of 261 yeas to 152 nays, the House passed H.R. 8410, to continue the existing temporary increase in the public debt limit through November 30, 1973. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	127	55	9	191
Dem.	<u>134</u>	<u>97</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>242</u>
	261	152	20	433

ARTS AND HUMANITIES

RULE

By a voice vote, the House adopted H. Res. 432, providing for one hour of open debate.

The House consumed 17 minutes of general debate on H.R. 3926, to extend the National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities Act. There are 47 minutes of general debate time remaining when consideration continues on Thursday, June 14.

Thursday, June 14, 1973

FLAG DAY

Pursuant to the unanimous-consent agreement of March 8, the House recessed at 12:18 p.m. for Flag Day ceremonies. House reconvened at 1:30 p.m.

ARTS AND HUMANITIES

PASSAGE

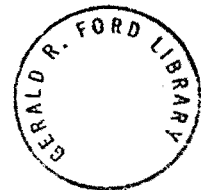
By a yea-and-nay vote of 309 yeas to 63 nays, the House passed H.R. 3926, to extend the National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities Act. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	123	45	23	191
Dem.	<u>186</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>38</u>	<u>242</u>
	309	63	61	433

Subsequently, this passage was vacated, and a similar Senate-passed bill S. 795, was passed in lieu after being amended to contain the language of the House bill as passed.

(MORE)

Thursday, June 14, 1973 (continued)



ARTS AND HUMANITIES (cont'd)

Prior to final passage, the following action was taken:

By a recorded vote of 141 yeas to 248 nays, the House rejected an amendment by Mr. Kemp that sought to cut funding to \$81 million, a reduction of \$64 million. (GRF - Nay; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	102	72	17	191
Dem.	<u>39</u>	<u>176</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>242</u>
	141	248	44	433

By a recorded vote of 146 yeas to 235 nays, the House rejected an amendment by Mr. Gross that sought to delete the authorization for funding in fiscal years 1975 and 1976. (GRF - Nay; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	102	68	21	191
Dem.	<u>44</u>	<u>167</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>242</u>
	146	235	52	433

LAW ENFORCEMENT

RULE

By a voice vote, the House adopted H. Res. 436, providing for two hours of open debate.

The House consumed 38 minutes of general debate on H. R. 8152, to amend title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 to improve law enforcement and criminal justice. There are 1 hour and 22 minutes of general debate time remaining when the House continues consideration on Monday, June 18.

Friday, June 15, 1973

ARTS AND HUMANITIES

Objection was heard to a request to send to conference S. 795, to extend the National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities.

STATE DEPARTMENT AUTHORIZATION

The House disagreed to the amendment of the Senate to H.R. 7645, to authorize appropriations for the Department of State, and agreed to the conference asked by the Senate. Appointed as conferees: Representatives Hays, Morgan, Zablocki, Mailliard, and Thomson of Wisconsin.

(MORE)

Friday, June 15, 1973 (continued)



AGRICULTURE-ENVIRONMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS

PASSAGE

By a yea-and-nay vote of 304 yeas to 3 nays, the House passed H.R. 8619, making appropriations for Agriculture-Environmental and Consumer Protection programs for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1974. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	134	1	56	191
Dem.	<u>170</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>242</u>
	304	3	126	433

Prior to final passage, by a recorded vote of 234 yeas to 125 nays, the House passed an amendment by Mr. Conte that forbids funds for payment of salaries for "Cotton Inc." (cotton research and promotion). (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	122	38	31	191
Dem.	<u>112</u>	<u>87</u>	<u>43</u>	<u>242</u>
	234	125	74	433

By a voice vote, the House agreed to an amendment by Mr. Conte that reduces farm price support limit from \$55,000 to \$20,000 per crop (other than sugar and wool).

A point of order was overruled against a substitute amendment by Mr. Findley to the previous amendment that forbids funds for salaries of personnel who formulate or carry out programs of which the price support limit exceeds \$20,000 per crop (other than sugar and wool) or a program which sanctions the sale or lease of cotton acreage allotments (amendment was agreed to by a recorded vote of 195 yeas to 157 nays, with 1 voting "present"). (GRF - Nay; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	109	50	31	1	191
Dem.	<u>86</u>	<u>107</u>	<u>44</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>242</u>
	195	157	80	1	433

Monday, June 18, 1973

THE HOUSE CONSIDERED THE CONSENT CALENDAR

(MORE)



Monday, June 18, 1973 (continued)

D.C. APPROPRIATIONS

PASSAGE

By a yea-and-nay vote of 321 yeas to 64 nays, the House passed H.R. 8658, making appropriations for the government of the District of Columbia for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1974. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	123	51	17	191
Dem.	<u>198</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>242</u>
	321	64	48	433

LAW ENFORCEMENT

RULE

By a voice vote, on Thursday, June 14, 1973, the House adopted H. Res. 436, providing for two hours of open debate.

PASSAGE

By a yea-and-nay vote of 391 yeas, the House passed H.R. 8152, to improve law enforcement and criminal justice. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

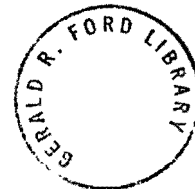
	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	172	0	19	191
Dem.	<u>219</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>242</u>
	391	0	42	433

Prior to final passage, the House took the following action:

By a recorded vote of 227 yeas to 162 nays, with 1 voting "present" agreed to an amendment by Mr. Keating that would make optional rather than mandatory the stipulation that State planning agencies and regional planning units shall include representatives of citizen, professional, and community organizations. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	164	11	16	0	191
Dem.	<u>63</u>	<u>151</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>242</u>
	227	162	43	1	433

(MORE)



Monday, June 18, 1973 (continued)

LAW ENFORCEMENT (cont'd)

Prior to final passage, the House took the following action: (cont'd)

By a recorded vote of 231 yeas to 161 nays, the House agreed to an amendment by Mr. Flowers adding language stating that nothing in the bill shall be construed to require the adoption by a grantee of a quota system or other program to achieve racial balance or to deny or discontinue a grant because of the refusal of a grantee to adopt such a quota system. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	139	35	17	191
Dem.	<u>92</u>	<u>126</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>242</u>
	231	161	41	433

Tuesday, June 19, 1973

SUSPENSIONS

The House voted to suspend the rules and pass the following bills:

Bankruptcy laws: H.J.Res. 499, providing for an extension of the Commission on the Bankruptcy Laws of the United States (by a voice vote).

Misuse of Federal names: H.R. 689, to prohibit persons attempting to collect their own debts from misusing names to convey the false impression that any agency of the Federal Government is involved in such collection (passed by a yea-and-nay vote of 399 yeas).

Canton Island: H.R. 5157, to amend the Service Contract Act of 1965 to extend its geographical coverage to contracts performed on Canton Island (passed by a voice vote).

Military dependents: H.R. 8537, to make permanent certain provisions of the Dependents Assistance Act of 1950, as amended. (passed by a voice vote).

Trust Territories: H.R. 6129, providing for the continuance of civil government for the Trust Territories of the Pacific Islands (passed by a yea-and-nay vote of 387 yeas to 14 nays). Subsequently, this passage was vacated, and a similar Senate-passed bill, S. 1385, was passed in lieu after being amended to contain the language of the House bill as passed. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	168	13	10	191
Dem.	<u>219</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>242</u>
	387	14	32	433

(MORE)



Tuesday, June 19, 1973 (continued)

SUSPENSIONS (cont'd)

Water resources authorization: H.R. 6338, to amend the Water Resources Planning Act to provide for continuing authorization for appropriations. Subsequently, this passage was vacated, and a similar Senate-passed bill, S. 1501, was passed in lieu after being amended to contain the language of the House bill as passed. (Passed by a voice vote)

Historical properties: H.R. 7127, establishing a program for the preservation of additional historical properties throughout the Nation (passed by a yea-and-nay vote of 385 yeas to 16 nays). (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	170	14	7	191
Dem.	<u>215</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>242</u>
	385	16	32	433

SALINE WATER PROGRAM AUTHORIZATION

RULE

By a yea-and-nay vote of 389 yeas to 4 nays, the House adopted H. Res. 434, providing for one hour of open debate. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	174	4	13	191
Dem.	<u>215</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>242</u>

PASSAGE

By a yea-and-nay vote of 399 yeas to 4 nays, the House passed H.R. 5464, to authorize appropriations for the saline water program for fiscal year 1974. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	179	4	8	191
Dem.	<u>220</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>242</u>
	399	4	30	433

Subsequently, this passage was vacated, and S. 1386, an identical Senate-passed bill, was passed in lieu.

(MORE)



Tuesday, June 19, 1973 (continued)

SALINE WATER PROGRAM AUTHORIZATION (cont'd)

PASSAGE (continued)

Prior to final passage, on a demand for a separate vote, the House agreed to the first committee amendment raising the funds authorized from \$2.5 million to \$9.1 million (by a yea-and-nay vote of 281 yeas to 125 nays). Earlier, in the Committee of the Whole, the amendment was agreed to by a voice vote. (GRF - Nay; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	81	103	7	191
Dem.	<u>200</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>242</u>
	281	125	27	433

DEPUTY U.S. MARSHALS

RULE

By a voice vote, the House adopted H. Res. 433, providing for one house of open debate.

PASSAGE

By a yea-and-nay vote of 319 yeas to 84 nays, the House passed H.R. 5094, to provide for the reclassification of positions of deputy U.S. marshals. (GRF - Nay; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	106	78	7	191
Dem.	<u>213</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>242</u>
	319	84	30	433

Wednesday, June 20, 1973

RAILROAD RETIREMENT

The House disagreed to the amendment of the Senate to the bill H.R. 7200, Railroad Retirement Adjustment Act of 1973, and asked a conference with the Senate. Appointed as conferees: Representatives Staggers, Jarman, Dingell, Harvey, and Kuykendall.

TRANSPORTATION APPROPRIATIONS

RULE

By a voice vote, the House adopted H. Res. 448, a rule waiving points of order against unauthorized appropriations in the bill.

(MORE)

Wednesday, June 20, 1973 (continued)



TRANSPORTATION APPROPRIATIONS

PASSAGE

By a yea-and-nay vote of 414 yeas to 2 nays, the House passed H.R. 8760, making appropriations for the Department of Transportation and related agencies for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1974. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	185	1	5	191
Dem.	<u>229</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>242</u>
	414	2	17	433

Prior to final passage, the following action was taken.

By a recorded vote of 107 yeas to 309 nays, the House rejected an amendment by Mr. Vander Jagt that sought to cut \$1.6 million for moorings for the Coast Guard cutter Mackinaw at Cheboygan, Mich. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	83	103	5	191
Dem.	<u>24</u>	<u>206</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>242</u>
	107	309	17	433

By a recorded vote of 204 yeas to 213 nays, the House rejected an amendment by Mr. Yates that sought to add \$3 million for research and development under the urban mass transportation program for alleviating the transportation problems of handicapped persons. (GRF - Nay; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	53	135	3	191
Dem.	<u>151</u>	<u>78</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>242</u>
	204	213	16	433

By a recorded vote of 137 yeas to 277 nays, the House rejected an amendment by Mr. Brotzman that would add \$9.7 million for research and demonstration for a personal rapid transit system. (GRF - Nay; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	40	146	5	191
Dem.	<u>97</u>	<u>131</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>242</u>
	137	277	19	433

(MORE)

Wednesday, June 20, 1973 (continued)



TRANSPORTATION APPROPRIATIONS (cont'd)

PASSAGE (cont'd)

By a recorded vote of 17 yeas to 392 nays, the House rejected a substitute by Mr. Gross to the previous amendment which would eliminate all funding for research, development, and demonstrations for the urban mass transportation program. (GRF - Nay; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	14	168	9	191
Dem.	<u>3</u>	<u>224</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>242</u>
	17	392	24	433

LEGAL SERVICES CORPORATION

RULE

By a yea-and-nay vote of 358 yeas to 34 nays, the House adopted H. Res. 435, providing for the consideration of and 2 hours of general debate on H.R. 7824, to establish a Legal Services Corporation. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	151	28	12	191
Dem.	<u>207</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>29</u>	<u>242</u>
	358	34	41	433

Thursday, June 21, 1973

LEGAL SERVICES CORPORATION

PASSAGE

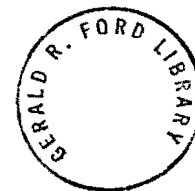
By a yea-and-nay vote of 276 yeas to 95 nays, with 5 voting "present," the House passed H.R. 7824, to establish a Legal Services Corporation. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	101	63	0	27	191
Dem.	<u>175</u>	<u>32</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>242</u>
	276	95	5	57	433

RECOMMIT

By a division vote of 91 ayes to 189 noes, the House rejected a motion by Mr. Landgrebe to recommit the bill to the Committee on Education and Labor.

(MORE)



Thursday, June 21, 1973 (continued)

LEGAL SERVICES CORPORATION (continued)

Prior to final passage of the bill, the following action was taken:

On a request for a separate vote, the House agreed to an amendment prohibiting legal assistance in litigation seeking to compel the performance of nontherapeutic abortions contrary to the religious beliefs of an individual or institution. Earlier, by a recorded vote of 301 yeas to 68 nays in the Committee of the Whole, the House agreed to an amendment by Mr. Hogan prohibiting legal assistance in litigation regarding abortion (as amended by a substitute amendment prohibiting legal assistance in litigation to compel nontherapeutic abortions contrary to religious beliefs).
HOGAN AMENDMENT (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	153	10	28	191
Dem.	<u>148</u>	<u>58</u>	<u>36</u>	<u>242</u>
	301	68	64	433

The substitute amendment by Mr. Froehlich was agreed to by a recorded vote of 316 yeas to 53 nays. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	160	4	27	191
Dem.	<u>156</u>	<u>44</u>	<u>37</u>	<u>242</u>
	316	53	64	433

By a recorded vote of 245 yeas to 166 nays, the House agreed to an amendment by Mrs. Green of Oregon prohibiting the corporation from undertaking, by grant or contract, activities in backup research centers. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	145	35	11	191
Dem.	<u>100</u>	<u>131</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>242</u>
	245	166	22	433

By a recorded vote of 200 yeas to 181 nays, the House agreed to an amendment by Mr. Quie that includes administrative advocacy in the bill's prohibition against legislative advocacy. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	133	37	21	191
Dem.	<u>67</u>	<u>144</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>242</u>
	200	181	52	433

(MORE)



Thursday, June 21, 1973 (continued)

LEGAL SERVICES CORPORATION (cont'd)

By a recorded vote of 207 yeas to 171 nays, the House agreed to an amendment by Mr. Quie prohibiting full-time attorneys of the corporation from engaging in political activities. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	148	18	25	191
Dem.	<u>59</u>	<u>153</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>242</u>
	207	171	55	433

By a recorded vote of 221 yeas to 150 nays, the House agreed to an amendment by Mr. Mizell that prohibits legal services with respect to any proceeding or litigation relating to the desegregation of schools. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	120	44	27	191
Dem.	<u>101</u>	<u>106</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>242</u>
	221	150	62	433

By a recorded vote of 233 yeas to 139 nays with 1 voting "present" the House agreed to an amendment by Mrs. Green or Oregon striking language authorizing activities of backup research centers. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>P</u>
Rep.	137	26	27	191	1
Dem.	<u>96</u>	<u>113</u>	<u>33</u>	<u>242</u>	<u>0</u>
	233	139	60	433	1

By a recorded vote of 159 yeas to 237 nays, the House rejected an amendment by Mr. Dennis that sought to insert language allowing persons to bring suit against the corporation and reimbursing costs and fees to plaintiffs who win such court actions. (GRF - Nay; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	110	65	16	191
Dem.	<u>49</u>	<u>172</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>242</u>
	159	237	37	433

By a recorded vote of 91 yeas to 283 nays, the House rejected a preferential motion by Mr. Hays that the committee rise and report the bill with the enacting clause stricken. (GRF - Nay; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	56	96	27	191
Dem.	<u>35</u>	<u>187</u>	<u>32</u>	<u>242</u>
	91	283	59	433



Thursday, June 21, 1973 (continued)

RAILROAD RETIREMENT

The House agreed to the amendments of the Senate to the bill H.R. 7357, to amend the Railroad Retirement Act of 1937, and to amend the Social Security Act to extend kidney disease medicare coverage to railroad employees, clearing the measure for the President.

NASA AUTHORIZATION

The House disagreed to the amendment of the Senate to the bill H.R. 7528, authorizing appropriations to the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, and asked a conference with the Senate. Appointed as conferees: Representatives Teague of Texas, Hechler of West Virginia, Fuqua, Symington, Mosher, Bell, and Wydler.

Friday, June 22, 1973

MERCHANT MARINE

By unanimous consent the House passed H.R. 6187, to amend the Merchant Marine Act of 1936.

CONTINUING APPROPRIATIONS

By unanimous consent, it was made in order to consider on any day after Monday, June 25, a joint resolution making continuing appropriations for fiscal year 1974.

NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION

RULE

By a voice vote, the House adopted H. Res. 446, providing one hour of open debate.

PASSAGE

By a yea-and-nay vote of 364 yeas to 6 nays, the House passed H.R. 8510, to authorize appropriations for activities of the National Science Foundation. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	159	5	27	191
Dem.	<u>205</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>36</u>	<u>242</u>
	364	6	63	433

(MORE)



Friday, June 22, 1973 (continued)

NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION (cont'd)

Prior to final passage, the following action was taken:

By a recorded vote of 288 yeas to 73 nays, with 4 voting "present" the House agreed to an amendment by Mr. Roncallo that prohibits funds for research on human living fetuses. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	151	10	1	29	191
Dem.	<u>137</u>	<u>63</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>39</u>	<u>242</u>
	288	73	4	68	433

By a recorded vote of 109 yeas to 238 nays, the House rejected an amendment by Mr. Wydler striking the proportional obligation requirement and inserting language reestablishing the budget transfer authority under which the NSF has operated in prior years. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	107	41	43	191
Dem.	<u>2</u>	<u>197</u>	<u>43</u>	<u>242</u>
	109	238	86	433

HUD APPROPRIATIONS

RULE

By a voice vote, the House adopted H. Res. 453, a rule waiving points of order against the bill.

PASSAGE

By a yea-and-nay vote of 316 yeas to 21 nays, the House passed H.R. 8825, making appropriations for the Department of Housing and Urban Development, for space, science, and veterans for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1974. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	130	19	42	191
Dem.	<u>186</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>54</u>	<u>242</u>
	316	21	96	433

RECOMMIT

By a voice vote, the House rejected a motion by Mr. Rousselot to recommit the bill to the Committee on Appropriations.

(MORE)

Friday, June 22, 1973 (continued)



HUD APPROPRIATIONS (cont'd)

Prior to final passage, the House took the following action:

By a recorded vote of 168 yeas to 184 nays, the House rejected an amendment by Mr. Hanna that sought to raise by \$75 million the appropriation for community comprehensive planning grants. (GRF - Nay; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	39	117	35	191
Dem.	<u>129</u>	<u>67</u>	<u>46</u>	<u>242</u>
	168	184	81	433

By a recorded vote of 106 yeas to 241 nays, the House rejected an amendment by Mr. Giaimo that sought to raise by \$400 million the appropriation for urban renewal programs. (GRF - Nay; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	5	149	37	191
Dem.	<u>101</u>	<u>92</u>	<u>49</u>	<u>242</u>
	106	241	86	433

Monday, June 25, 1973

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS -- Conference Report

By a voice vote, the House agreed to the conference report on H.R. 7447, making supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1973.

Prior to final passage, by a recorded vote of 235 yeas to 172 nays, with 1 voting "present", the House agreed to a motion to recede from its disagreement to Senate amendment No. 83 (Eagleton), and agreed to a motion to concur in Senate amendment No. 83. (GRF - Nay; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	63	120	0	8	191
Dem.	<u>172</u>	<u>52</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>242</u>
	235	172	1	25	433

By a recorded vote of 204 yeas to 204 nays, with 1 voting "present" the House rejected a preferential motion by Mr. Mahon to concur in Senate amendment No. 83 (Eagleton amendment), clearing the measure for Senate action. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	147	37	0	7	191
Dem.	<u>57</u>	<u>167</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>242</u>
	204	204	1	24	433



Monday, June 25, 1973 (continued)

SUSPENSIONS

By a yea-and-nay vote of 276 yeas to 129 nays, the House agreed to H. Res. 454, authorizing the Speaker to entertain motions to suspend the rules during the week of June 25, 1973. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	60	122	9	191
Dem.	<u>216</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>242</u>
	276	129	28	433

AEC AUTHORIZATION

RULE

By a voice vote, the House adopted H. Res. 447, providing for one hour of open debate.

PASSAGE

By a yea-and-nay vote of 398 yeas to 4 nays, the House passed H.R. 8662 to authorize appropriations to the Atomic Energy Commission (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	180	0	11	191
Dem.	<u>218</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>242</u>
	398	4	31	433

Subsequently, this passage was vacated, and S. 1994, an identical Senate-passed bill, was passed in lieu.

Prior to final passage, by a recorded vote of 136 yeas to 266 nays, the House rejected an amendment by Mr. Podell that sought to permit States to set standards for radiation emissions stricter than those established by the AEC. (GRF - Nay; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	50	132	9	191
Dem.	<u>86</u>	<u>134</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>242</u>
	136	266	31	433

WAR POWERS

RULE

By a voice vote, the House adopted H. Res. 456, providing for three hours of open debate.

The House concluded all general debate on H.J. Res. 542, concerning the war powers of Congress and the President.



Tuesday, June 26, 1973

ARTS AND HUMANITIES

The House insisted on its amendment to the bill S. 795, to amend the National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities Act of 1965, and agreed to the conference asked by the Senate. Appointed as conferees: Representatives Perkins, Brademas, Mink, Meeds, Chisholm, Quie, Eshleman, and Landgrebe.

CONTINUING APPROPRIATIONS

PASSAGE

By a yea-and-nay vote of 325 yeas to 86 nays, the House passed H.J. Res. 636, making continuing appropriations for the fiscal year 1974. (GRF - Nay; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	112	73	6	191
Dem.	<u>213</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>242</u>
	325	86	22	433

Prior to final passage, the following action was taken:

By a recorded vote of 240 yeas to 172 nays, the House agreed to an amendment by Mr. Addabbo (as amended by a substitute amendment) that prohibited the use of funds to support military activities by U.S. forces in, over, or off the shores of North and South Vietnam, Cambodia, and Laos without the consent of Congress. (GRF - Nay; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	64	119	8	191
Dem.	<u>176</u>	<u>53</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>242</u>
	240	172	21	433

By a recorded vote of 232 yeas to 181 nays, the House agreed to a substitute amendment by Mr. Mahon (as amended) to the previous amendment that allowed a 60-day grace period after which no funds appropriated under the resolution could be used for combat activities in Cambodia or Laos. (Sept. 1st, 1973 effective date) (GRF - Nay; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	60	123	8	191
Dem.	<u>172</u>	<u>58</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>242</u>
	232	181	20	433

(MORE)



Tuesday, June 26, 1973 (continued)

CONTINUING APPROPRIATIONS (cont'd)

By a recorded vote of 218 yeas to 194 nays, the House agreed to an amendment by Mr. Long to the substitute amendment eliminating the 60-day grace period, and prohibiting all funds appropriated by the resolution and all funds previously appropriated from being used for combat activities in Cambodia or Laos. (GRF - Nay; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	51	131	9	191
Dem.	<u>167</u>	<u>63</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>242</u>
	218	194	21	433

By a recorded vote of 275 yeas to 136 nays, the House agreed to a motion by Mr. Mahon limiting debate on the amendment and all amendments thereto to 20 minutes. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	129	54	8	191
Dem.	<u>146</u>	<u>82</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>242</u>
	275	136	22	433

LABOR-HEW APPROPRIATIONS

RULE

By a yea-and-nay vote of 395 yeas to 3 nays, with 1 voting "present" the House adopted H. Res. 455, the rule waiving points of order against the bill.

PASSAGE

By a yea-and-nay vote of 347 yeas to 58 nays, the House passed H.R. 8877, making appropriations for the Departments of Labor and Health, Education, and Welfare for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1974. (GRF - Nay; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>Nv</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	132	53	6	191
Dem.	<u>215</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>242</u>
	347	58	28	433

RECOMMIT

By a yea-and-nay vote of 186 yeas to 219 nays, the House rejected a motion by Mr. Michel to recommit the bill to the Committee on Appropriations with instructions to report it back forthwith an amendment that sought to delete \$632 million from the bill. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	161	24	6	191
Dem.	<u>25</u>	<u>195</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>242</u>
	186	219	28	433

(MORE)



Tuesday, June 26, 1973 (continued)

LABOR-HEW APPROPRIATIONS (cont'd)

Prior to final passage of the bill, the following action was taken:

By a recorded vote of 186 yeas to 213 nays, the House rejected an amendment by Mr. Michel that sought to reduce by \$632 million the appropriation for HEW and for the Office of Economic Opportunity. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	156	26	9	191
Dem.	<u>30</u>	<u>187</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>242</u>
	186	213	34	433

By a recorded vote of 110 yeas to 288 nays, the House rejected an amendment by Mr. Baker to the first amendment that sought to reduce the funds for the Office of Economic Opportunity by \$100 million. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	91	89	11	191
Dem.	<u>19</u>	<u>199</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>242</u>
	110	288	35	433

By a recorded vote of 161 yeas to 244 nays, the House rejected an amendment by Mr. Roybal that sought to add \$15 million for bilingual education programs. (GRF - Nay; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	37	150	4	191
Dem.	<u>124</u>	<u>94</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>242</u>
	161	244	28	433

By a recorded vote of 190 yeas to 218 nays, the House rejected an amendment by Mr. Quie that sought to restrict grants to local education agencies for each State to a minimum of 90 percent of the amounts made available in fiscal year 1972. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	133	54	4	191
Dem.	<u>57</u>	<u>164</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>242</u>
	190	218	25	433



Wednesday, June 27, 1973

WAYS AND MEANS BILLS

A number of bills from the Committee on Ways and Means were considered by unanimous consent and passed by the House, including the following which had recorded votes:

Shoe copying lathes: H.R. 8215, to provide for the suspension of duty on certain copying shoe lathes until the close of June 30, 1976. Agreed to the committee amendment by a yea-and-nay vote of 403 yeas to 0 nays with 1 voting "present."

Survivors Benefit Plan: H.R. 4200, to amend section 122 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (passed by a yea-and-nay vote of 402 yeas).

PRESIDENTIAL VETO MESSAGE -- Second Supplemental Appropriations

The House received and read a message from the President transmitting his veto of H.R. 7447, making supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1973.

Subsequently, by a yea-and-nay vote of 241 yeas to 173 nays, the House sustained the President's veto (two-thirds of those present not having voted in the affirmative). (GRF - Nay; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	53	133	5	191
Dem.	<u>188</u>	<u>40</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>242</u>
	241	173	19	433

INTERIOR APPROPRIATIONS

RULE

By a yea-and-nay vote of 401 yeas to 12 nays, the House adopted H. Res. 470, the resolution waiving points of order against the bill. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	175	7	9	191
Dem.	<u>226</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>242</u>
	401	12	20	433

PASSAGE

By a yea-and-nay vote of 405 yeas to 4 nays, the House passed H.R. 8917, making appropriations for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1974. (GRF - Yea; Speaker-NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	184	3	4	191
Dem.	<u>221</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>242</u>
	405	4	24	433

(MORE)



Wednesday, June 27, 1973 (continued)

COAST GUARD AUTHORIZATION

Objection was made to a unanimous-consent request to concur in the Senate amendments to H.R. 5383, to authorize appropriations for the Coast Guard for the procurement of vessels and construction of shore and offshore establishments.

RFK STADIUM

The House agreed to the amendment of the Senate to the bill H.R. 6330, to amend section 8 of the Public Buildings Act of 1959, relating to the District of Columbia, clearing the measure for the President.

Thursday, June 28, 1973

PUBLIC DEBT LIMIT

The House disagreed to the amendment of the Senate to the bill H.R. 8410, to continue the existing temporary increase in the public debt limit through November 30, 1973, and agreed to the conference asked by the Senate. Appointed as conferees: Representatives Mills, Ullman, Burke of Massachusetts, Griffiths, Schneebeli, Collier, and Broyhill of Virginia.

U.S. SPACE WEEK

By unanimous consent the House passed amended H. Con. Res. 223, requesting the President to proclaim the 7-day period of July 16 through 22 of each year as "United States Space Week."

WHEAT

The House passed S. 1938, to extend the time for conducting the referendum with respect to the national marketing quota for wheat for the marketing year beginning July 1, 1974, clearing the measure for the President.

FEDERAL-AID HIGHWAYS

The House voted to suspend the rules and pass amended S. 1808, to apportion funds for the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways and to authorize funds for fiscal year 1974.

The House agreed to an amendment authorizing \$500 million to be taken out of the Highway Trust Fund, and returned the measure to the Senate.

RAILROAD RETIREMENT -- Conference Report

The House agreed to the conference report on H.R. 7200, to amend the Railroad Retirement Act of 1937 and the Railroad Retirement Tax Act, clearing the measure for the President.

Thursday, June 28, 1973 (continued)



MILITARY DEPENDENTS

The House disagreed to the amendment of the Senate to H.R. 8537, to make permanent certain provisions of the Dependents Assistance Act of 1950, and asked a conference with the Senate. Appointed as conferees: Representatives Stratton, Hebert, Nichols, Bray, and Hunt.

By a yea-and-nay vote of 238 yeas to 175 nays, the House agreed to a motion by Mr. Pike to instruct conferees to insist on the House's disagreement to title III of the Senate amendment (Flight Pay) (GRF - Nay; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	80	105	6	191
Dem.	<u>158</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>242</u>
	238	175	20	433

COAST GUARD AUTHORIZATION

The House agreed to the Senate amendments to H.R. 5383, to authorize appropriations for the Coast Guard for the procurement of vessels, clearing the measure for the President.

PUBLIC WORKS-AEC APPROPRIATION

RULE

By a voice vote, the House adopted H. Res. 471, waiving points of order against the bill.

PASSAGE

By a yea-and-nay vote of 384 yeas to 26 nays, the House passed H.R. 8947, making appropriations for Public Works-AEC for fiscal year 1974. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	177	9	5	191
Dem.	<u>207</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>242</u>
	384	26	23	433

Prior to final passage of the bill, the following action was taken:

By a recorded vote of 206 yeas to 205 nays, the House agreed to an amendment by Mr. Lujan that adds \$4.7 million for geothermal research by the AEC. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	98	86	7	191
Dem.	<u>108</u>	<u>119</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>242</u>
	206	205	22	433

(MORE)



Thursday, June 28, 1973 (continued)

PUBLIC WORKS-AEC APPROPRIATION (cont'd)

By a recorded vote of 108 yeas to 303 nays with 1 voting "present" the House rejected an amendment by Mr. Roncalio that sought to reduce the operating expenses for the AEC by \$3.8 million.
(GRF - Nay; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	22	163	1	5	191
Dem.	<u>86</u>	<u>140</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>242</u>
	108	303	1	21	433

INTEREST RATES

The House suspended the rules and passed S.J. Res. 128, to provide for an extension of certain laws relating to the payment of interest on time and savings deposits. Agreed to an amendment extending the bill to August 1, 1973, in lieu of December 1, 1974.

COUNCIL ON INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC POLICY

RULE

By a voice vote, the House adopted H. Res. 468, providing for one hour of open debate.

PASSAGE

By a recorded vote of 322 yeas to 62 nays, the House passed H.R. 8548, to amend the International Economic Policy Act of 1972 to change the membership of the Council on International Economic Policy.
(GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	135	44	12	191
Dem.	<u>187</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>37</u>	<u>242</u>
	322	62	49	433

Friday, June 29, 1973

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS, 1973

RULE

By a voice vote, the House adopted H. Res. 479, the rule waiving the 3-day rule and waiving certain points of order against the bill.

(MORE)



Friday, June 29, 1973 (continued)

SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS, 1973 (cont'd)

PASSAGE

By a yea-and-nay vote of 278 yeas to 124 nays, with 2 voting "present", the House passed H.R. 9055, making supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1973. (GRF-Yea; Speaker-NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	165	16	9	1	191
Dem.	<u>113</u>	<u>108</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>242</u>
	278	124	29	2	433

Prior to final passage, the House agreed to an amendment adding North and South Vietnam to the areas included in the ban on combat activities imposed after August 15, 1973.

Prior to final passage, the following amendments were rejected:

By a recorded vote of 169 yeas to 236 nays, an amendment by Mr. Flynt (Eagleton Amendment) that sought to provide for an immediate and complete cutoff of funds for combat activities in Cambodia and Laos. (GRF - Nay; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	16	167	8	191
Dem.	<u>153</u>	<u>69</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>242</u>
	169	236	28	433

By a recorded vote of 57 yeas to 346 nays, an amendment by Mr. Gross to the previous amendment that sought to extend the ban on combat activities to cover hostilities in any sovereign state. (GRF - Nay; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	30	153	8	191
Dem.	<u>27</u>	<u>193</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>242</u>
	57	346	30	433

STATE, JUSTICE, COMMERCE AND JUDICIARY APPROPRIATIONS

RULE

By a voice vote, the House adopted H. Res. 469, the rule waiving points of order against the bill.

(MORE)

Friday, June 29, 1973 (continued)

STATE, JUSTICE, COMMERCE AND JUDICIARY APPROPRIATIONS (cont'd)PASSAGE

By a yea-and-nay vote of 370 yeas to 11 nays, the House passed H.R. 8916, making appropriations for the Departments of State, Justice, Commerce, and the Judiciary, and related agencies for the 1974 fiscal year. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	168	6	17	191
Dem.	<u>202</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>242</u>
	370	11	52	433

Prior to final passage, by a recorded vote of 220 yeas to 164 nays, the House agreed to an amendment by Mr. Railsback adding \$2.1 million for salaries for additional probation officers and increasing by \$709,000 funds for travel by the Judiciary. (GRF - Nay; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	96	79	16	191
Dem.	<u>124</u>	<u>85</u>	<u>33</u>	<u>242</u>
	220	164	49	433

RADIO FREE EUROPE

The House voted to suspend the rules and pass S. 1972, to further amend the U.S. Information and Educational Exchange Act of 1948, clearing the measure for the President.

JOHN F. KENNEDY CENTER

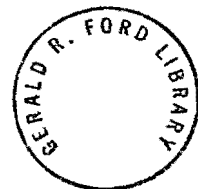
The House passed S. 1759, authorizing further appropriations to the Secretary of the Interior for services necessary to the nonperforming arts functions of the John F. Kennedy Center for the Performing Arts, clearing the measure for the President.

DEBT LIMIT

By a recorded vote of 185 yeas to 190 nays, the House rejected a motion to recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate to H.R. 8410, to continue the existing temporary increase in the public debt limit through November 30, 1973. (Vote break-down on next page)

Subsequently, the House insisted on its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate and asked a further conference with the Senate. Appointed as conferees: Representatives Mills, Ullman, Burke of Massachusetts, Griffiths, Schneebeli, Collier, and Broyhill of Virginia.

(MORE)



Friday, June 29, 1973 (continued)

DEBT LIMIT - Vote on Motion to Recede. (GRF - Nay; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	9	161	21	191
Dem.	<u>176</u>	<u>29</u>	<u>37</u>	<u>242</u>
	185	190	58	433

MILITARY DEPENDENTS -- Conference Report

The House agreed to the conference report on H.R. 8537, to make permanent certain provisions of the Dependents Assistance Act of 1950, as amended, clearing the measure for the President.

Saturday, June 30, 1973

CONTINUING APPROPRIATIONS

The House disagreed to the amendments of the Senate to H. J. Res. 636, making continuing appropriations for the fiscal year 1974, and agreed to the conference asked by the Senate. Appointed as conferees: Representatives Mahon, Whitten, Sikes, Passman, Boland, Flood, Cederberg, Rhodes, Michel, and Shriver.

NATIONAL SEA GRANT COLLEGE

The House agreed to the amendment of the Senate to H.R. 5452, to extend and make technical corrections to the National Sea Grant College and Program Act of 1966, clearing the measure for the President.

LAW ENFORCEMENT

The House disagreed to the Senate amendment to H.R. 8152, to amend title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968, and agreed to the conference asked by the Senate. Appointed as conferees: Representatives Rodino, Conyers, Flowers, Seiberling, Jordan, Mezvinsky, Hutchinson, McClory, Sandman, Dennis, and Fish.

RENEGOTIATION ACT

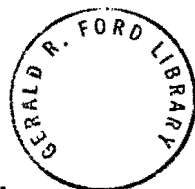
The House disagreed to the amendments of the Senate to H.R. 7445, to amend the Renegotiation Act of 1951 to extend the act for 2 years, and agreed to the conference asked by the Senate. Appointed as conferees: Representatives Mills, Ullman, Burke of Massachusetts, Griffiths, Schneebeli, Collier, and Broyhill of Virginia.

DEBT LIMIT

By a yea-and-nay vote of 294 yeas to 54 nays, the House receded from its disagreement to the Senate amendment to H.R. 8410, to continue the existing temporary increase in the public debt limit through November 30, 1973, and concurred with an amendment, and returned the measure to the Senate. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	113	38	40	191
Dem.	<u>181</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>45</u>	<u>242</u>
	294	54	85	433

(MORE)



Saturday, June 30, 1973 (continued)

CONTINUING APPROPRIATIONS -- Conference Report

By a yea-and-nay vote of 266 yeas to 75 nays, the House agreed to the conference report on H. J. Res. 636, making continuing appropriations for the fiscal year 1974. (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	140	9	41	1	191
Dem.	<u>126</u>	<u>66</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>242</u>
	266	75	91	1	433

RENEGOTIATION ACT -- Conference Report

By a voice vote, the House agreed to the conference report on H.R. 7445, to amend the Renegotiation Act of 1951 to extend the act for 2 years.

Prior to final passage, by a yea-and-nay vote of 327 yeas to 9 nays, with 1 voting "present", the House agreed to a motion to recede and concur with amendment in Senate amendment No. 2 (Social Security). (GRF - Yea; Speaker - NV)

	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Nay</u>	<u>NV</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>Total</u>
Rep.	141	7	42	1	191
Dem.	<u>186</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>54</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>242</u>
	327	9	96	1	433

JULY 4TH RECESS - House agreed to the Senate amendments to H.Con.Res. 262, providing for an adjournment of the House of Representatives from June 30, 1973 to July 10, 1973, clearing the measure.

PROGRAM AHEAD

Tuesday, July 10, 1973

H.R. 8860 - Agricultural Act Extension
(OPEN RULE - TWO HOURS OF DEBATE)

Wednesday, July 11, 1973 and Thursday, July 12, 1973

H.R. 8547 - Export Administration Act Amendment
(SUBJECT TO A RULE BEING GRANTED)

H.R. 8538 - Public Broadcasting Corporation Act
(OPEN RULE, ONE HOUR OF DEBATE)

H.R. 2990 - U.S. Postal Service Authorization
(OPEN RULE, ONE HOUR OF DEBATE)

H.R. 8606 - Small Business Act Amendment
(SUBJECT TO A RULE BEING GRANTED)

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