The original documents are located in Box 52, folder "8/6/76 HR7685 Relief of Mildred N Crumley" of the White House Records Office: Legislation Case Files at the Gerald R. Ford Presidential Library

Copyright Notice

The copyright law of the United States (Title 17, United States Code) governs the making of photocopies or other reproductions of copyrighted material. Gerald R. Ford donated to the United States of America his copyrights in all of his unpublished writings in National Archives collections. Works prepared by U.S. Government employees as part of their official duties are in the public domain. The copyrights to materials written by other individuals or organizations are presumed to remain with them. If you think any of the information displayed in the PDF is subject to a valid copyright claim, please contact the Gerald R. Ford Presidential Library.

Exact duplicates within this folder were not digitized.

AUG-6 1976

88/0/40

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

August 4, 1976

ACTION

Last Day: August 7

Posted 8/7/76 archies

MEMORANDUM FOR

THE PRESIDENT

FROM:

JIM CANNOD

SUBJECT:

H.R. 7685 - Relief of Mildred N. Crumley

Attached for your consideration is H.R. 7685, sponsored by Representative Stark.

The enrolled bill would deem Mrs. Mildred N. Crumley a "widow" for purposes of Civil Service Retirement purposes and authorize the payment of a survivor annuity benefit to her beginning the day after her husband's death in 1963.

At the time of Mr. Crumley's death, in order to qualify for a survivor annuity under Civil Service Retirement law, she would have needed to be married to Mr. Crumley for at least two years. The couple had been married from 1935 until October, 1962 when they were divorced. They remarried in December, 1962, less than five months before he died.

Additional information is provided in OMB's enrolled bill report at Tab A.

OMB, Max Friedersdorf, Counsel's Office (Lazarus) and I recommend approval of the enrolled bill.

RECOMMENDATION

That you sign H.R. 7685 at Tab B.





EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20503

AUG 2 1976

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

Subject: Enrolled Bill H.R. 7685 - For the relief of

Mildred N. Crumley

Sponsor - Rep. Stark (D) California

Last Day for Action

August 7, 1976 - Saturday

Purpose

Entitles Mrs. Crumley to a civil service survivor's annuity by deeming her to have been married to Darrell D. Crumley for the period of time prior to his death that is required by civil service retirement law.

Agency Recommendations

Office of Management and Budget

Approval

Civil Service Commission

Approval

Discussion

Under the civil service retirement law at the time of Darrell Crumley's death, in order to qualify for a survivor's annuity, the surviving spouse had to either have been married to the deceased employee for at least two years immediately preceding the employee's death or been the parent of a child by that marriage. The "length of marriage"requirement (which has since been reduced to one year) is intended to avoid the acquisition of valuable survivor benefits by people who might marry employees or annuitants for that purpose.

Mildred and Darrell Crumley were married on November 7, 1935, were divorced on October 29, 1962, and remarried each other on December 29, 1962. Darrell Crumley died on

May 16, 1963, less than five months later. Although Mrs. Crumley received survivor benefits on behalf of a child, the Civil Service Commission could not award her a survivor's benefit on her own behalf since her second marriage to Mr. Crumley did not exist for two years immediately preceding his death, and she was not the mother of a child by that marriage.

H.R. 7685 would deem Mrs. Crumley to meet the requirements for a civil service survivor's annuity, and would authorize the payment of benefits to her retroactively, from the day after Mr. Crumley's death. The back-payment would be made in a lump sum, after deducting the payment she received from her husband's account after the child's benefit terminated.

In reporting to the Congress on this bill, CSC pointed out that while it has consistently opposed awarding benefits in cases of short-term marriages, the issue in Mrs. Crumley's case is not the one that the "length of marriage" requirement was intended to avoid, since the marriage in this case lasted for a total of over 27 years, interrupted for a period of only two months. CSC indicated that if the Congress determined that the special circumstances of this case warrant relief, it would not object.

Since the Congress has now made such a determination, CSC recommends approval of the enrolled bill, and we concur.

Assistant Director for Legislative Reference

Enclosures

ACTION MEMORANDUM

WASHINGTON

LOG NO .:

Date: August 3

Time:

915am

FOR ACTION: David Lissy Max Friedersdorf

Ken Lazarus

cc (for information):

Jack Marsh Jim Cavanaugh

Ed Schmults

FROM THE STAFF SECRETARY

DUE: Date: August 4

Time:

noon

SUBJECT:

H.R. 7685-for the relief of Mildred N. Crumley

ACTION REQUESTED:

For Necessary Action

For Your Recommendations

_ Prepare Agenda and Brief

Draft Reply

For Your Comments

Draft Remarks

REMARKS:

please return to judy johnston, ground floor west wing



PLEASE ATTACH THIS COPY TO MATERIAL SUBMITTED.

If you have any questions or if you anticipate a delay in submitting the required material, please telephone the Staff Secretary immediately.

K. R. COLE, JR. For the President



UNITED STATES CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20415

July 29, 1976

Honorable James T. Lynn
Director, Office of Management and Budget
Executive Office of the President
Washington, D. C. 20503

Attention: Assistant Director for Legislative Reference

Dear Mr. Lynn:

This is in reply to your request for the Commission's views on enrolled bill, H.R. 7685 "For the relief of Mrs. Mildred N. Crumley."

The enrolled bill would deem Mrs. Mildred N. Crumley to be the "widow" of former Federal employee Darrell D. Crumley for Civil Service Retirement purposes (5 U.S.C. 8341(a)). The bill, would authorize the payment of a survivor annuity benefit to Mrs. Crumley beginning the day after Mr. Crumley's death on May 16, 1963. The monthly survivor annuity payable would be \$536.00 effective March 1, 1976, and a lump-sum of \$53,573.00 representing accrued annuity due from May 17, 1963 through July 31, 1976 would also be payable.

Mrs. Crumley was paid survivor benefits on behalf of a child and when these payments terminated she was paid a lump sum of \$7,893.28 representing the balance of retirement deductions and interest to her husband's credit in the retirement fund. Therefore, this \$7,893.28 will have to be withheld from the accrued annuity before payment of the lump-sum is authorized.

At the time of Mr. Crumley's death, in order to qualify for a survivor annuity under the Civil Service Retirement law, the surviving spouse of a deceased employee must have been a "widow" or "widower" as defined by the retirement law, which means (a) be the surviving spouse who was married to the employee for at least two years immediately preceding his death or (b) be the parent of issue by that marriage.

The Commission is without authority under the retirement law to pay Mrs. Crumley a survivor benefit. On her application Mrs. Crumley stated that she and the deceased were married on November 7, 1935, were divorced on October 29, 1962 and remarried each other on December 29, 1962. Mr. Crumley died on May 16, 1963. Accordingly, although Mrs. Crumley's

first marriage to the decedent lasted for a period of almost 27 years, the subsequent second marriage existed for a period of less than five months. Thus, Mrs. Crumley did not meet the definition of "widow" set out in the retirement law since she had not been married to the decedent for 2 years immediately preceding his death nor was she the mother of issue by that marriage.

The length of marriage requirement, currently 1 year, in the retirement law for a survivor annuitant is intended to avoid the acquistion of valuable survivor benefits by people who might marry employees or annuitants for that purpose. While the Commission has consistently opposed paying benefits in cases of short-term marriages, the issue in the present case is one of paying a survivor annuity where the deceased employee and the surviving spouse had been married for a total of over 27 years (during which time they were divorced for a period of only 2 months).

Since the Congress has determined that the special circumstances of this case warrant relief, the Commission has no objection and, accordingly recommends that the President sign enrolled bill H.R. 7685.

By direction of the Commission:

Sincerely yours,

Chairman

ACTION MEMORANDUM

WASHINGTON

LOG NO .:

Date: August 3

Time:

FOR ACTION:

David Lissy

Max Friedersdorf

Ken Lazarus

cc (for information):

915am

Jack Marsh Jim Cavanaugh

Ed Schmults

FROM THE STAFF SECRETARY

DUE: Date: August 4

Time:

noon

SUBJECT:

H.R. 7685-for the relief of Mildred N. Crumley

ACTION REQUESTED:

---- For Necessary Action

____ For Your Recommendations

Prepare Agenda and Brief

____ Draft Reply

___ For Your Comments

____ Draft Remarks

REMARKS:

please return to judy johnston, ground floor west wing



PLEASE ATTACH THIS COPY TO MATERIAL SUBMITTED.

If you have any questions or if you anticipate a delay in submitting the required material, please telephone the Staff Secretary immediately.

James M. Cannon For the President

ACTION MEMORANDUM

WASHINGTON

LOG NO .:

Date: August 3

Time:

915am

FOR ACTION:

David Lissy

Max Friedersdorf

Ken Lazarus

cc (for information):

Jack Marsh Jim Cavanaugh

Ed Schmults

FROM THE STAFF SECRETARY

DUE: Date: August 4

Time:

noon

SUBJECT:

H.R. 7685-for the relief of Mildred N. Crumley

ACTION REQUESTED:

____ For Necessary Action

For Your Recommendations

Prepare Agenda and Brief

____ Draft Reply

For Your Comments

____ Draft Remarks

REMARKS:

please return to judy johnston, ground floor west wing

No objection -- Ken Lazarus 8/3/76

PLEASE ATTACH THIS COPY TO MATERIAL SUBMITTED.

If you have any questions or if you anticipate a delay in submitting the required material, please telephone the Staff Secretary immediately.

James M. Cannon For the President

WASHINGTON

August 4, 1976

MEMORANDUM FOR:

JIM CAVANAUGH

FROM:

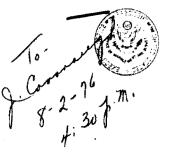
MAX L. FRIEDERSDORF (()

SUBJECT:

H.R. 7685 - for the relief of Mildred N. Crumley

The Office of Legislative Affairs concurs with the agencies that the bill be signed.

Attachments



EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20503

AUG 2 1976

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

Subject: Enrolled Bill H.R. 7685 - For the relief of

Mildred N. Crumley

Sponsor - Rep. Stark (D) California

Last Day for Action

August 7, 1976 - Saturday

Purpose

Entitles Mrs. Crumley to a civil service survivor's annuity by deeming her to have been married to Darrell D. Crumley for the period of time prior to his death that is required by civil service retirement law.

Agency Recommendations

Office of Management and Budget

Approval

Civil Service Commission

Approval

Discussion

Under the civil service retirement law at the time of Darrell Crumley's death, in order to qualify for a survivor's annuity, the surviving spouse had to either have been married to the deceased employee for at least two years immediately preceding the employee's death or been the parent of a child by that marriage. The "length of marriage" requirement (which has since been reduced to one year) is intended to avoid the acquisition of valuable survivor benefits by people who might marry employees or annuitants for that purpose.

Mildred and Darrell Crumley were married on November 7, 1935, were divorced on October 29, 1962, and remarried each other on December 29, 1962. Darrell Crumley died on



MILDRED N. CRUMLEY

MARCH 17, 1976.—Committed to the Committee of the Whole House and ordered to be printed

Mr. Danielson, from the Committee on the Judiciary, submitted the following

REPORT

[To accompany H.R. 7685]

The Committee on the Judiciary, to whom was referred the bill (H.R. 7685) for the relief of Mildred N. Crumley, having considered the same, report favorably thereon without amendment and recommend that the bill do pass.

PURPOSE

The purpose of the proposed legislation is to provide that, for purposes of section 8341 of title 5, United States Code, Mildred N. Crumley of Livermore, California, the widow of Darrell D. Crumley, is to be deemed to have been married to Mr. Crumley for the two-year period before his death on May 16, 1963. The bill states that Mildred N. Crumley and Darrell D. Crumley were married for more than twenty-seven years and were married on the date of death but, because of an intervening divorce, Mildred N. Crumley is not eligible, but for the provisions of the bill to receive a survivor annuity under such section.

The bill further provides that for purposes of chapter 83 of title 5, United States Code, any entitlement of Mildred N. Crumley to a survivor annuity by reason of the bill is to be effective as of the day after

the date of death of Darrell D. Crumley and may be paid.

STATEMENT

In a report to the committee on the bill, the Civil Service Commis-

sion stated it had no objection to its enactment.

In effect, this bill would bring Mrs. Mildred N. Crumley within the definition of "widow' of former Federal employee Darrell D. Crumley for Civil Service Retirement purposes (5 U.S.C. 8341(a)). The bill, would authorize the payment of a survivor annuity benefit to Mrs. Crumley beginning the day after Mr. Crumleys death on May 16, 1963.

3

The monthly survivor annuity payable would be \$509.00 effective August 1, 1975, and a lump-sum of \$47,333.00 representing accrued annuity due from May 17, 1963 through July 31, 1975 would also be payable.

Mrs. Crumley was paid survivor benefits on behalf of a child and when these payments terminated she was paid a lump sum of \$7,893.28 representing the balance of retirement deductions and interest to her husbands credit in the retirement fund. Therefore, this \$7,893.28 will have to be withheld from the accrued annuity before payment of the

lump-sum is authorized.

At the time of Mr. Crumleys death, in order to qualify for a survivor annuity under the Civil Service Retirement law, the surviving spouse of a deceased employee must have been a "widow" or "widower" as defined by the retirement law, which means (a) be the surviving spouse who was married to the employee for at least two years immediately preceding his death or (b) be the parent of issue by that marriage.

The Commission stated in its report on the bill that it is without authority under the retirement law to pay Mrs. Crumley a survivor benefit. On her application Mrs. Crumley stated that she and the deceased were married on November 7, 1935, were divorced on October 29, 1962 and remarried each other on December 29, 1962. Mr. Crumley died on May 16, 1963. Accordingly, although Mrs. Crumley's first marriage to the decedent lasted for a period of 27 years, the subsequent second marriage existed for a period of less than five months. Thus, Mrs. Crumley did not meet the definition of "widow" set out in the retirement law since she had not been married to the decedent for 2 years immediately preceding his death nor was she the mother of issue by that marriage.

The length of marriage requirement, currently 1 year, in the retirement law for a survivor annuitant is intended to avoid the acquisition of valuable survivor benefits by people who might marry employees or annuitants for that purpose. The Commission stated in its report that while it has consistenly opposed paying benefits in cases of short-term marriages, the issue in the present case is one of paying a survivor annuity where the deceased employee and the surviving spouse had been married for a total of over 27 years (during which time they were

divorced for a period of only 2 months).

The committee finds that the special circumstances of this case warrant legislative relief. It is recommended that the bill be considered favorably.

U.S. CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION, Washington, D.C., December 15, 1975.

Hon. Peter W. Rodino, Jr.,

Chairman, Committee on the Judiciary, House of Representatives, Washington, D.C.

DEAR MR. CHAIRMAN: This is in further reply to your request for the Commission's views on H.R. 7685, a bill "For the relief of Mrs. Mildred N. Crumley."

H.R. 7685 would deem Mrs. Mildred N. Crumley to be the "widow" of former Federal employee Darrell D. Crumley for Civil Service Retirement purposes (5 U.S.C. 8341(a)). The bill, would authorize the

payment of a survivor annuity benefit to Mrs. Crumley beginning the day after Mr. Crumley's death on May 16, 1963. The monthly survivor annuity payable would be \$509.00 effective August 1, 1975, and a lump-sum of \$47,333.00 representing accrued annuity due from May 17, 1963 through July 31, 1975 would also be payable.

Mrs. Crumley was paid survivor benefits on behalf of a child and when these payments terminated she was paid a lump sum of \$7,893.28 representing the balance of retirement deductions and interest to her husband's credit in the retirement fund. Therefore, this \$7,893.28 will have to be withheld from the accrued annuity before payment of the

lump-sum is authorized.

At the time of Mr. Crumley's death, in order to qualify for a survivor annuity under the Civil Service Retirement law, the surviving spouse of a deceased employee must have been a "widow" or "widower" as defined by the retirement law, which means (a) be the surviving spouse who was married to the employee for at least two years immediately preceding his death or (b) be the parent of issue by that marriage.

The Commission is without authority under the retirement law to pay Mrs. Crumley a survivor benefit. On her application Mrs. Crumley stated that she and the deceased were married on November 7, 1935, were divorced on October 29, 1962 and remarried each other on December 29, 1962. Mr. Crumley died on May 16, 1963. Accordingly, although Mrs. Crumley's first marriage to the decedent lasted for a period of 27 years, the subsequent second marriage existed for a period of less than five months. Thus, Mrs. Crumley did not meet the definition of "widow" set out in the retirement law since she had not been married to the decedent for 2 years immediately preceding his death nor was she the mother of issue by that marriage.

The length of marriage requirement, currently 1 year, in the retirement law for a survivor annuitant is intended to avoid the acquisition of valuable survivor benefits by people who might marry employees or annuitants for that purpose. While the Commission has consistently opposed paying benefits in cases of short-term marriages, the issue in the present case is one of paying a survivor annuity where the deceased employee and the surviving spouse had been married for a total of over 27 years (during which time they were divorced for a period

of only 2 months).

Accordingly, if the Congress determines that the special circumstances of this case warrant relief, the Commission does not object to enactment of H.R. 7685.

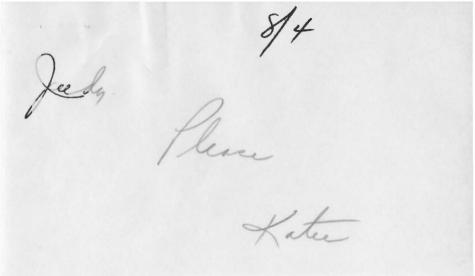
The Office of Management and Budget advises that from the standpoint of the Administration's program there is no objection to the submission of this report.

By direction of the Commission:

Sincerely yours,

ROBERT HAMPTON, Chairman

0





DATE: 8-4-76

TO: Bob Linder

FROM: Jim Frey

Attached is Senate Report 94-1044. Please have it included in the file on H.R. 7685. Thanks.

REPORT No. 94-1044

MILDRED N. CRUMLEY

JULY 21, 1976.—Ordered to be printed

Mr. Tunney, from the Committee on the Judiciary, submitted the following

REPORT

[To accompany H.R. 7685]

The Committee on the Judiciary, to which was referred the bill, (H.R. 7685), for the relief of Mildred N. Crumley, having considered the same, reports favorably thereon, without amendment, and recommends that the bill do pass.

PURPOSE

The purpose of the bill is to provide that, for purposes of section 8341 of title 5, United States Code, Mildred N. Crumley of Livermore, California, the widow of Darrell D. Crumley, is to be deemed to have been married to Mr. Crumley for the two-year period before his death on May 16, 1963. The bill states that Mildred N. Crumley and Darrell D. Crumley were married for more than twenty-seven years and were married on the date of death but, because of an intervening divorce, Mildred N. Crumley is not eligible, but for the provisions of the bill, to receive a survivor annuity under such section.

The bill further provides that for purposes of chapter 83 of title 5,

United States Code, any entitlement of Mildred N. Crumley to a survivor annuity by reason of the bill is to be effective as of the day after the date of death of Darrell D. Crumley and may be paid.

STATEMENT

The facts of the case are presented in the House report as follows: In a report to the committee on the bill, the Civil Service Commission stated it had no objection to its enactment.

3

In effect, this bill would bring Mrs. Mildred N. Crumlev within the definition of "widow" of former Federal employee Darrell D. Crumley for Civil Service Retirement purposes (5 U.S.C. 8341(a)). The bill, would authorize the payment of a survivor annuity benefit to Mrs. Crumley beginning the day after Mr. Crumley's death on May 16, 1963. The monthly survivor annuity payable would be \$509.00 effective August 1, 1975, and a lump-sum of \$47.333.00 representing accrued annuity due from May 17, 1963 through July 31, 1975 would also be payable.

Mrs. Crumley was paid survivor benefits on behalf of a child and when these payments terminated she was paid a lump sum of \$7.893.28 representing the balance of retirement deductions and interest to her husbands credit in the retirement fund. Therefore, this \$7.893.28 will have to be withheld from the accrued annuity before payment of the lump-sum is

authorized.

At the time of Mr. Crumley's death, in order to qualify for a survivor annuity under the Civil Service Retirement law. the surviving spouse of a deceased employee must have been a "widow" or "widower" as defined by the retirement law, which means (a) be the surviving spouse who was married to the employee for at least two years immediately preceding his

death or (b) be the parent of issue by that marriage.

The Commission stated in its report on the bill that it is without authority under the retirement law to pay Mrs. Crumley a survivor benefit. On her application Mrs. Crumley stated that she and the deceased were married on November 7. 1935, were divorced on October 29, 1962 and remarried each other on December 29, 1962. Mr. Crumley died on May 16, 1963. Accordingly, although Mrs. Crumley's first marriage to the decedent lasted for a period of 27 years, the subsequent second marriage existed for a period of less than five months. Thus, Mrs. Crumley did not meet the definition of "widow" set out in the retirement law since she had not been married to the decedent for 2 years immediately preceding his death nor was she the mother of issue by that marriage.

The length of marriage requirement, currently 1 year, in the retirement law for a survivor annuitant is intended to avoid the acquisition of valuable survivor benefits by people who might marry employees or annuitants for that purpose. The Commission stated in its report that while it has consistently opposed paying benefits in cases of short-term marriages, the issue in the present case is one of paying a survivor annuity where the deceased employee and the surviving spouse had been married for a total of over 27 years (during which time they were divorced for a period of only 2

months).

The committee finds that the special circumstances of this case warrant legislative relief. It is recommended that the bill be considered favorably.

> U.S. CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION. Washington, D.C., December 15, 1975.

Hon. PETER W. RODINO, Jr.,

Chairman, Committee on the Judiciary, House of Representatives, Washington, D.C.

DEAR MR. CHAIRMAN: This is in further reply to your request for the Commission's views on H.R. 7685, a bill "For

the relief of Mrs. Mildred N. Crumley."

H.R. 7685 would deem Mrs. Mildred N. Crumley to be the "widow" of former Federal employee Darrell D. Crumley for Civil Service Retirement purposes (5 U.S.C. 8341(a)). The bill, would authorize the payment of a survivor annuity benefit to Mrs. Crumley beginning the day after Mr. Crumlev's death on May 16, 1963. The monthly survivor annuity payable would be \$509.00 effective August 1, 1975, and a lumpsum of \$47,333.00 representing accrued annuity due from May 17, 1963 through July 31, 1975 would also be payable.

Mrs. Crumley was paid survivor benefits on behalf of a child and when these payments terminated she was paid a lump sum of \$7,893.28 representing the balance of retirement deductions and interest to her husband's credit in the retirement fund. Therefore, this \$7,893,28 will have to be withheld from the accrued annuity before payment of the lump-sum

is authorized.

At the time of Mr. Crumley's death, in order to qualify for a survivor annuity under the Civil Service Retirement law, the surviving spouse of a deceased employee must have been a "widow" or "widower" as defined by the retirement law, which means (a) be the surviving spouse who was married to the employee for at least two years immediately preceding his death or (b) be the parent of issue by that marriage.

The Commission is without authority under the retirement law to pay Mrs. Crumley a survivor benefit. On her application Mrs. Crumley stated that she and the deceased were married on November 7, 1935, were divorced on October 29, 1962 and remarried each other on December 29, 1962. Mr. Crumley died on May 16, 1963. Accordingly, although Mrs. Crumley's first marriage to the decedent lasted for a period of 27 years, the subsequent second marriage existed for a period of less than five months. Thus, Mrs. Crumley did not meet the definition of "widow" set out in the retirement law since she had not been married to the decedent for 2 years immediately preceding his death nor was she the mother of issue by that marriage.

The length of marriage requirement, currently 1 year, in the retirement law for a survivor annuitant is intended to avoid the acquisition of valuable survivor benefits by people who might marry employees or annuitants for that purpose. While the Commission has consistently opposed paying benefits in cases of short-term marriages, the issue in the present case is one of paying a survivor annuity where the deceased employee and the surviving spouse had been married for a total of over 27 years (during which time they were divorced for a period of only 2 months).

Accordingly, if the Congress determines that the special circumstances of this case warrant relief, the Commission

does not object to enactment of H.R. 7685.

The Office of Management and Budget advises that from the standpoint of the Administration's program there is no objection to the submission of this report.

By direction of the Commission:

Sincerely yours,

ROBERT HAMPTON, Chairman.

The Committee believes the bill is meritorious and recommends it favorably.

Minety-fourth Congress of the United States of America

AT THE SECOND SESSION

Begun and held at the City of Washington on Monday, the nineteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred and seventy-six

An Act

For the relief of Mildred N. Crumley.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, for purposes of section 8341 of title 5, United States Code, Mildred N. Crumley of Livermore, California, is deemed to have been married to Darrell D. Crumley for the two-year period before his death on May 16, 1963. Mildred N. Crumley and Darrell D. Crumley were married for more than twenty-seven years, but, because of an intervening divorce, Mildred N. Crumley is not eligible, but for this Act, to receive a survivor annuity under such section.

SEC. 2. For purposes of chapter 83 of title 5, United States Code, any entitlement of Mildred N. Crumley to a survivor annuity by reason of the first section of this Act shall be effective as of the day after the date of death of Darrell D. Crumley. Any survivor annuity payments to which Mildred N. Crumley is so entitled for the period before the date of the enactment of this Act shall be made in a lump sum.

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Vice President of the United States and President of the Senate.